

Lori Reilly, Executive VP, Policy & Research and Membership Princeton Conference May 24, 2017



U.S. Health Care System Faces Significant Challenges

Increased cost Access restrictions, Aging population sharing for patients narrow networks Suboptimal health Greater prevalence Rising insurance of chronic diseases premiums outcomes



Medicines are Transforming the Treatment

OF DEVASTATING DISEASES



HEPATITIS C

The leading cause of liver transplants and the reason liver cancer is on the rise – is now curable in more than 90 percent of treated patients.*



CANCER

New therapies have contributed to a 23% decline in the cancer death rate since its peak in 1991. Today, 2 out of 3 people diagnosed with cancer survive at least 5 years.**



HIGH CHOLESTEROL

America's biopharmaceutical companies are currently developing 190 medicines to treat heart disease, stroke and other cardiovascular diseases. New PCSK9 inhibitors have revolutionized high cholesterol treatment. Between 1991 and 2011, the death rate from heart disease dropped 46%.***

The Washington Post

November 16, 2015

Gov. Hogan's Cancer is in Remission, 30 Days After He Completed Chemo

The New York Times

December 6, 2015

Former President
Jimmy Carter Says He is
Free of Cancer



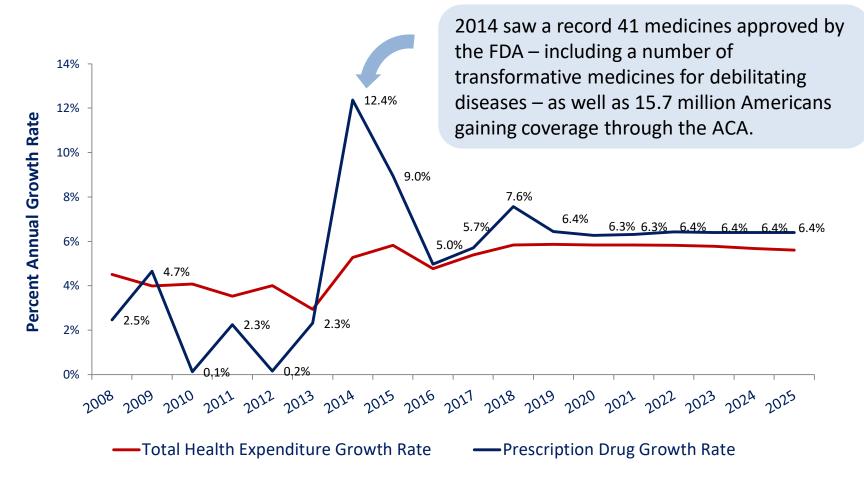
^{*}Source: U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

^{**}Source: American Cancer Society.

^{***}Source: Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) and the Association of Black Cardiologists (ABC), "Medicines in Development for Heart Disease and Stroke," December 2015.

Prescription Medicine Spending Growth: 2008-2025*

After growing 12.2% in 2014, government actuaries project prescription drug spending growth to moderate over the next few years to 6-8% through 2025, in line with overall health spending



^{*}Total retail sales including brand medicines and generics

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)1

Multiple Data Sources Confirm

DRAMATIC SLOWDOWN IN PRESCRIPTION MEDICINE SPENDING GROWTH

Accounting for discounts and rebates, net spending growth rates in 2016 dipped to between 2% and 4%



IMS reported that the 2016 net prescription medicine spending growth rate was between 2% to 3%



CVS Health reported that net prescription medicine spending for its clients grew by 3.6% in the first half of 2016



Altarum Institute reported that the 2016 prescription medicine spending growth rate of 4.0% was lower than the growth rates for physician and hospital spending



Express Scripts reported that net prescription medicine spending growth for its clients was 3.8% in 2016



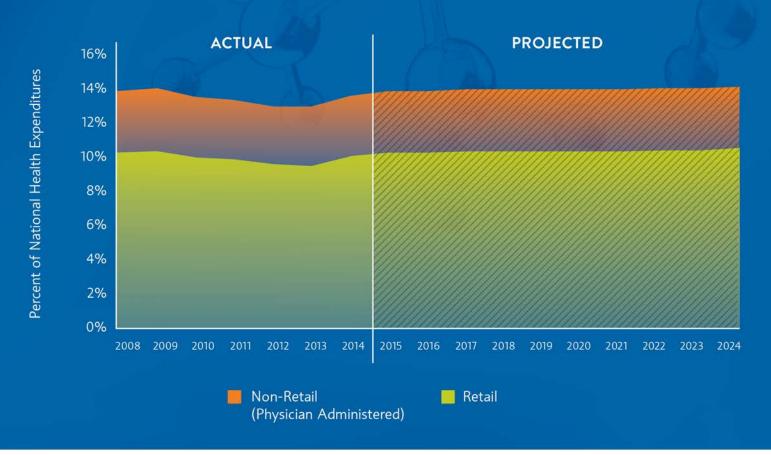
CMS reported that spending growth for prescription medicines fell by nearly a third between 2014 and 2015, from 12.4% to 9.0%



Medicines Account for a

STABLE SHARE OF HEALTH CARE SPENDING

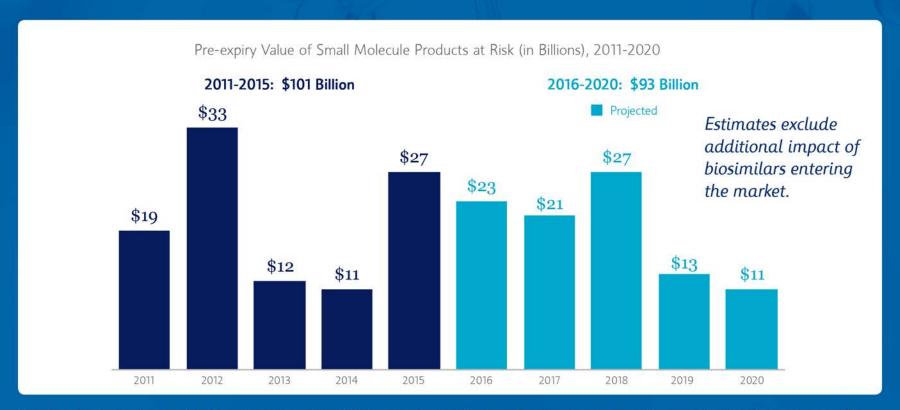
Health Care Expenditures Attributable to Retail and Non-Retail Prescription Drugs, 2008-2024





Spending on Brand Medicines Falls Dramatically as MEDICINES FACE GENERIC COMPETITION

Similar exposure in coming years to the \$105Bn loss in 2009-13 (the "patent cliff") underscores continuing cost containment in the pharmaceutical sector

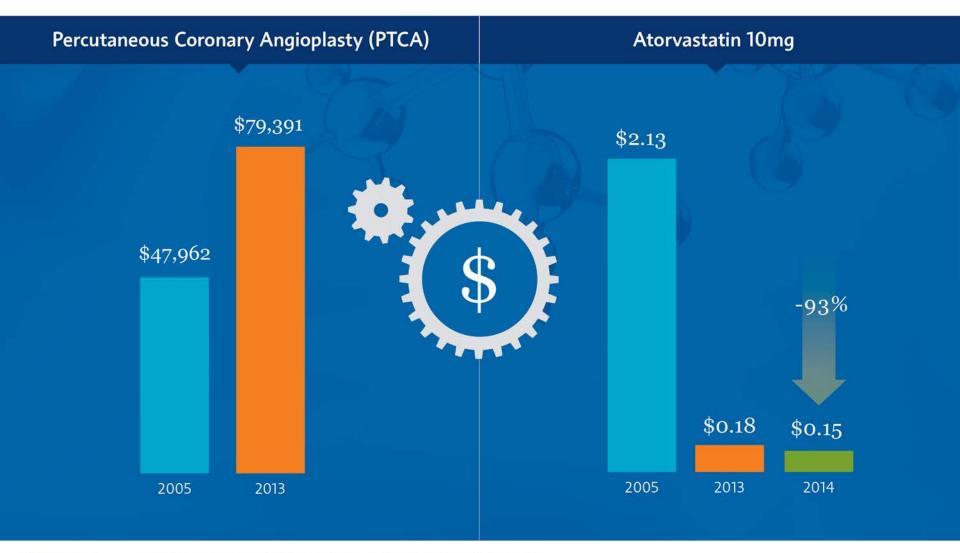


Notes: Pre-expiry sales of products are calculated for products losing exclusivity (LOE) in each year, the sales in the prior year for each product are aggregated to represent the collective industry exposure to LOE. Loss of exclusivity does not indicate generic market entry. Small molecule losses of exclusivity only.



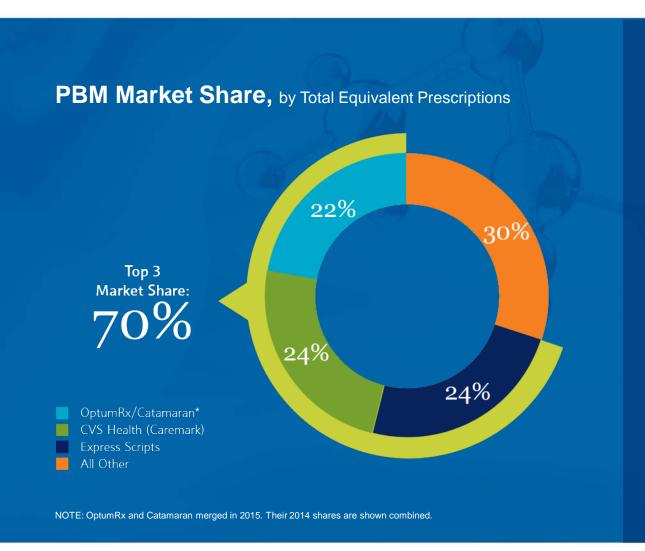
Medical Procedures Become More Expensive Over Time,

BUT COST CONTAINMENT IS BUILT INTO THE MEDICINE LIFE CYCLE





The "Blank Check" Myth Payers Have Significant Leverage to Negotiate Rebates and Discounts



Insurers and PBMs determine:

FORMULARY

if a medicine is covered

TIER PLACEMENT

patient cost sharing

ACCESSIBILITY

utilization management through prior authorization or fail first

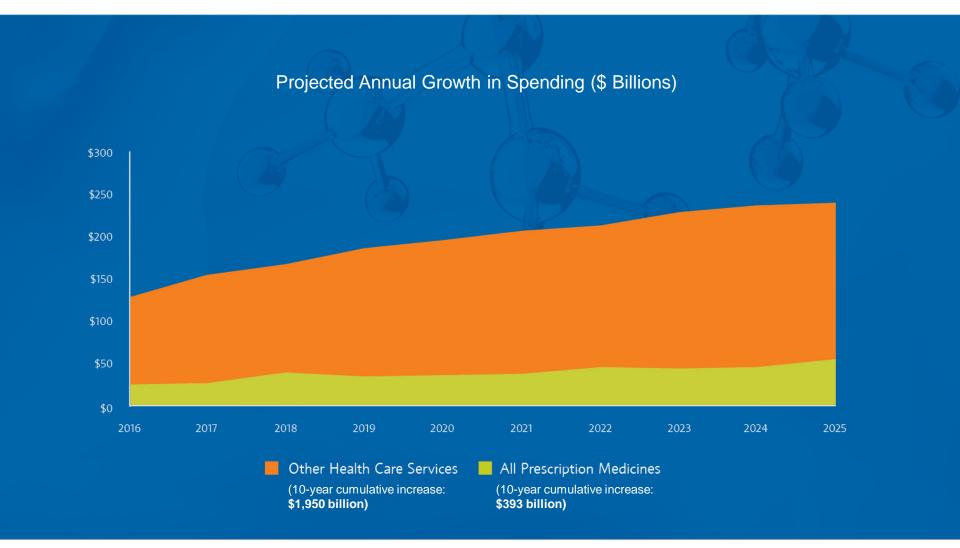
PROVIDER INCENTIVES

preferred treatment guidelines and pathways



GROWTH IN OTHER HEALTH CARE SERVICES WILL BE FIVE TIMES

Total Medicine Spending Growth Through Next Decade





According to PBMs, Medicine Prices and Spending Growth Are Declining



Express Scripts experienced only a 2.5% increase in unit costs across all prescription medications—nearly 22% lower than 2015, and more than 60% lower than the increase in prices, net of rebates.

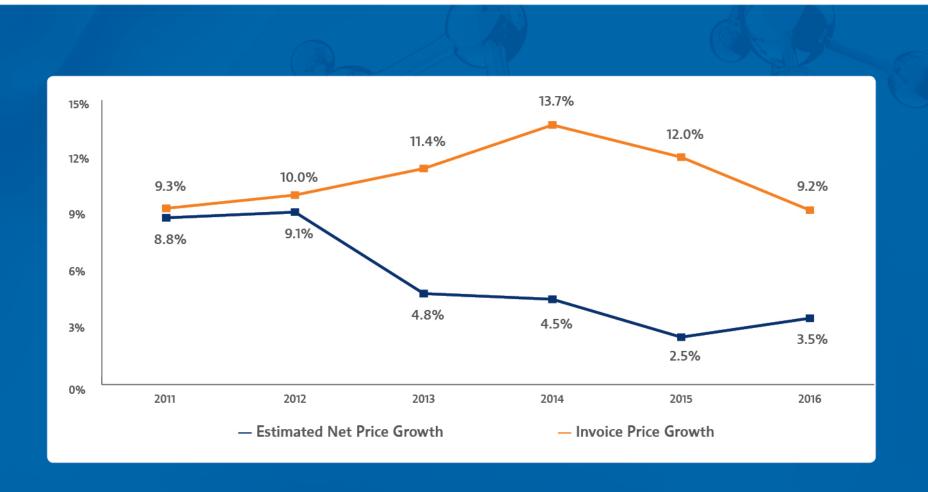


Express Scripts, CVS Health, and OptumRx all report spending growth of 3-4% in 2016.

Government data show medicines had the largest decline in spending growth of all health care categories between 2015 and 2016.



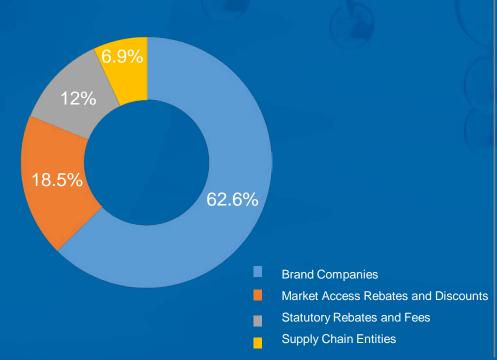
Public List Prices Don't Reflect What Insurers Actually Pay





Trends in List Price Mask Impact of Growing Discounts





Rebates, discounts and fees are increasing for brand medicines





New Reality of Insurance Coverage of Medicines

Increased use of deductibles

In 2015, 46% of commercial health plans required a deductible for prescription drugs, double the number in 2012.

Cost-sharing outpacing underlying medical costs

From 2004-2014, enrollee payments increased 256% for deductibles and 107% for coinsurance. At the same time, insurer costs increased only 58%.

Incentivized prescribing

Health plans increasingly incentivize providers to follow set treatment pathways.

Increase use of fail first and prior authorization requirements

Utilization management more than doubled in employer plans from 2014 to 2016.



Policies to Advance a Value Driven Health Care System

Value Based Contracting

Modernize Drug
Development and
Discovery

Engage and Empower Consumers

Address Market Distortions

Better Quality
Measurement and
Value Assessment
Tools

Appropriate Use of Medicines

